



1<sup>st</sup> "C" Theme 3.2

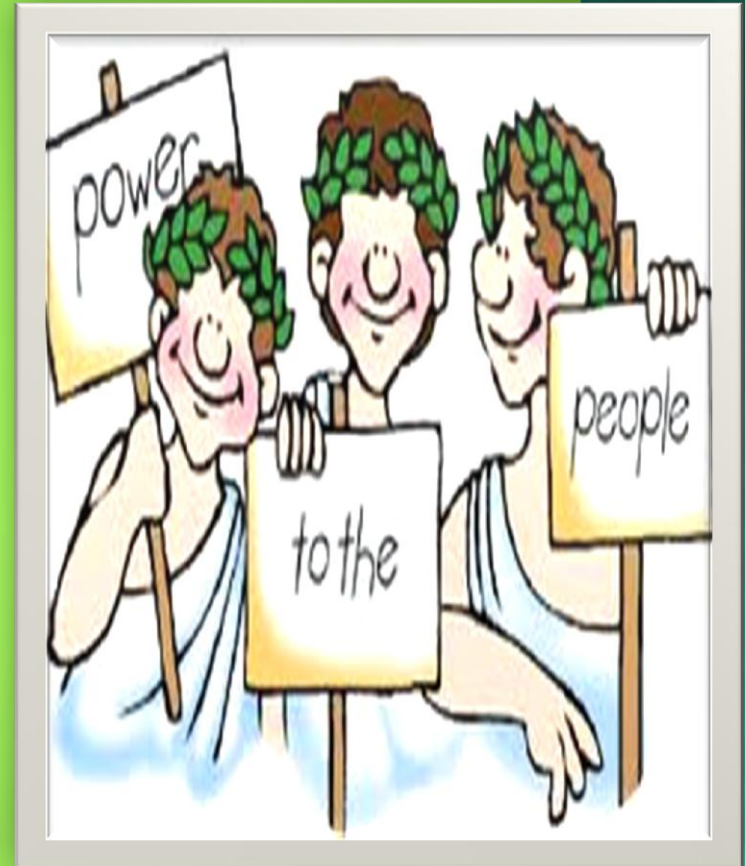
# Characterization of Democracy

Ma. Fernanda Correa Gómez  
Ma. Fernanda Estrada Viveros  
Karen Ivette Cabello Tello  
Luis Fernando Gómez Gendrón  
Sergio Rebolledo

Teacher: Ana Lilia Acosta Patoni

# Democracy

- Government in which the supreme power is vested in the people and exercised by them directly or indirectly through a system of representation usually involving periodically held free elections.



# Characterization of Democracy

- Democracy has taken a number of forms, both in theory and practice.



# Direct Democracy

- Citizens can participate in public decision-making without the intermediary of elected or appointed officials.
- That system is more convenient when it comes to a small number of people (as in the organization of a community)



# Representative Democracy

- It is the most common form of democracy, in which citizens elect the candidates to make political decisions, create the laws and manage programs for the public good.



## Conclusion

Democracy is more than a set of specific institutions of government is based on a set of values, attitudes and practices well understood that take different forms and expressions in different cultures and societies worldwide.



**DEMOCRACY**  
OF THE PEOPLE BY THE PEOPLE FOR THE PEOPLE

# QUIZ

1. What does democracy means?
2. What is democracy?
3. Which are the two types of democracy?
4. Explain each kind of democracy